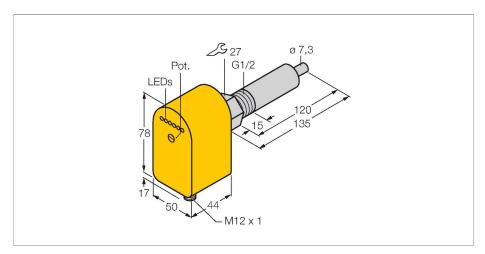


FCS-G1/2A4P-LIX-H1141/L120 Flow Monitoring – Immersion Sensor with Integrated Processor



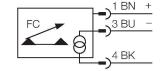
Technical data

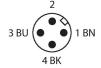
ID	6870059
Туре	FCS-G1/2A4P-LIX-H1141/L120
Mounting conditions	Immersion sensor
Water Operating Range	1150 cm/s
Stand-by time	approx. 10 s
Setting time	115 s
Medium temperature	-20+70 °C
Electrical data	
Operating voltage U _B	19.228.8 VDC
Current consumption	≤ 100 mA
Output function	Analog output
Short-circuit protection	yes
Reverse polarity protection	yes
Current output	420 mA
Linearity deviation	≤ 10 %
Load	200500 Ω
Protection class	IP65
Mechanical data	
Design	Immersion
Housing material	Plastic, PBT
Sensor material	Stainless steel, 1.4571 (AISI 316Ti)
Max. tightening torque of housing nut	30 Nm
Electrical connection	Connector, M12 × 1
Pressure resistance	100 bar
Process connection	G 1/2"
Flow state display	LED chain, red (1x), green (5x)

Features

- Sensor only for water
- ■Calorimetric principle
- Adjustments via potentiometer
- ■Status indicated via LED band
- ■With linearized analog output
- Sensor length 120 mm
- ■DC 3-wire, 19.2...28.8 VDC
- ■4...20 mA analog output
- ■Connector device, M12 × 1

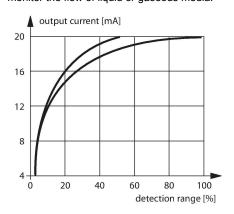
Wiring diagram





Functional principle

The function of immersion flow sensors is based on the thermodynamic principle. The sensor is heated up by a few degrees Celsius compared to the flow medium. If the medium flows past the sensor, the heat generated in the sensor is dissipated. The resulting temperature is measured and compared with the temperature of the medium. The flow condition of each medium can be derived from the temperature difference obtained. Thus, TURCK flow sensors reliably and wear-free monitor the flow of liquid or gaseous media.







Technical data

LED display	red = 4 mA
	1x green > 4 mA
	2x green > 8 mA
	3x green > 12 mA
	4x green > 16 mA
	5x green = 20 mA

Tests/approvals	
Approvals	cULus
UL registration number	E210608